TABLE 1. Number of cases of and rate* for sudden infant death syndrome[†], by race[§] and year — United States, 1983–1994

Year	Black		White		Total¶	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
1983–1989	10,349	244.8	25,829	121.2	37,483	141.0
1983	1,518	269.8	3,613	122.6	5,305	145.8
1984	1,439	253.3	3,656	123.2	5,245	142.9
1985	1,357	233.2	3,757	123.7	5,315	141.3
1986	1,451	244.7	3,654	121.0	5,278	140.5
1987	1,447	236.8	3,605	118.4	5,230	137.3
1988	1,520	238.0	3,771	121.6	5,476	140.1
1989	1,617	240.2	3,773	118.2	5,634	139.4
1990–1994	7,315	219.3	16,165	101.0	24,399	120.3
1990	1,578	230.6	3,643	110.7	5,417	130.3
1991	1,589	232.8	3,572	110.2	5,349	130.1
1992	1,471	218.4	3,239	101.2	4,891	120.3
1993	1,442	218.9	3,056	97.0	4,669	116.7
1994	1,235	194.1	2,655	85.1	4,073	103.0

^{*}Per 100,000 live-born infants.

[†]International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, code 798.0

[§]Race for infants who died from SIDS was determined by the race of each infant, and race for all live-born infants was determined by the race of the mother. Differences are presented only for black and white infants because the mortality data tapes do not provide accurate race data for other racial/ethnic groups.

[¶]Includes infants of all racial/ethnic groups.